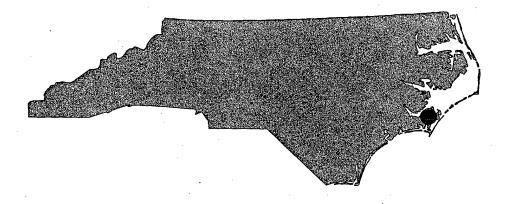


COLLECTIONS SUMMARY FOR



MILITARY OCEAN TERMINAL, SUNNY POINT, NORTH CAROLINA

U.S. Army NAGPRA Compliance Project, Technical Report No. 79



Prepared for the U.S. Army Environmental Center, Environmental Compliance Division

19990603 031

by the
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers,
St. Louis District,
Mandatory Center of Expertise for the Curation and Management
of Archaeological Collections

REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE

Form Approved
OMB No. 0704-0188

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Washington Headquarters Services, Directorate for Information Operations and Reports, 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington, VA 22202-4302, and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (0704-0188), Washington, DC 20503.

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The U.S. Army Environmental Center tasked the Mandatory Center of Expertise for the Curation and Management of Archaeological Collections (MCX) with the job of assisting the Army with complying with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), P.L.101-601. The MCX was asked to locate and assess archaeological collections derived from Army lands, to identify the Native American or Native Hawaiian organizations culturally affiliated with the collections, and to draft Section 6 Summary letters for each installation. A two-stage process was used to identify, locate, and assess the contents of the collections, consisting of archival research and telephone interviews with the repository personnel. This report conveys the results of the collection research completed for compliance with Section 6 of NAGPRA.

14. SUBJECT TERMS archaeology; curat Native Americans;	tion; cultural reso sacred objects; h	ources management;	15. NUMBER OF PAGES 48 16. PRICE CODE
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AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL COLLECTIONS SUMMARY FOR MILITARY OCEAN TERMINAL SUNNY POINT, NORTH CAROLINA

Information Provided for Compliance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act Section 6 Summary

Prepared for the U.S. Army Environmental Center, Environmental Compliance Division Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland

By
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers,
St. Louis District,
Mandatory Center of Expertise for the
Curation and Management of Archaeological Collections,
U.S. Army NAGPRA Compliance Project,
Technical Report No. 79

March 1996

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OBJECTIVES AND METHODS

The U.S. Army Environmental Center (AEC) tasked the Mandatory Center of Expertise for the Curation and Management of Archaeological Collections (MCX) with the job of assisting Army installation personnel in complying with the requirements of the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (P.L. 101-601, NAGPRA). The MCX was asked to locate and assess archaeological collections derived from Army-owned lands, to identify the federally recognized Native American tribes most likely culturally affiliated with the collections, to draft Section 6 Summary letters for each installation, and to conduct physical inventories of any collections that contain human skeletal remains. This report conveys the results of the collections research completed to assist Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point (MOTSU) in complying with the Section 6 Summary requirements of NAGPRA.

The MCX used a two-stage process to identify, locate, and assess the contents of archaeological collections from the installation. First, archival research was performed to review all archaeological site records and reports for the installation. Second, telephone interviews were conducted with personnel at installations, universities, museums, and archaeological contractors that were identified during the archival research as possible repositories of Army collections. The MCX did not physically verify the existence of collections and, as such, the information contained in this report is based on background record reviews and information obtained via telephone interviews with the aforementioned installation personnel and institution professionals.

Archival research for MOTSU began with a search of the National Archeological Data Base (NADB) for references pertaining to the installation. This was followed by a thorough examination of all archaeological site forms and a literature review of all pertinent archaeological reports and manuscripts on file at the North Carolina Office of State Archaeology, Raleigh, North Carolina. The records search was performed in May 1995, and sought to identify any work on the installation that may have produced archaeological collections.

Subsequent telephone interviews to potential collections repositories ascertained whether the materials were present and the range of objects in each collection. Once the collections were located and assessed, MCX personnel identified federally recognized Native American tribes that are likely to be culturally affiliated with the materials in the collections. Draft Section 6 Summary letters are enclosed for these tribes (Appendix I), as well as a listing of each current tribal chairperson (Appendix II).

RESEARCH RESULTS

ARCHAEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATIONS AT MILITARY OCEAN TERMINAL SUNNY POINT

Archaeological work on MOTSU reportedly began in 1964 with an investigation by the University of South Carolina, Columbia. Since 1964, the following archaeological contractors have conducted investigations on the installation:

Archaeological Research Consultants, Inc., Raleigh, North Carolina,

Carolina Archaeological Services, Columbia, South Carolina,

Coastal Carolina Research, Tarboro, North Carolina,

Cultural Heritage Research Services, North Wales, Pennsylvania,

CZR, Inc., Wilmington, North Carolina,

Fort Fisher Underwater Preservation Laboratory, Wilmington, North Carolina,

Garrow and Associates, Raleigh, North Carolina,

Kemron Environmental Services, Inc., Cincinnati, Ohio,

Louis Berger and Associates, Richmond, Virginia,

New South Associates, Stone Mountain, Georgia,

State Division of Archives and History, Raleigh, North Carolina,

Thomas C. Loftfield, University of North Carolina, Wilmington, North Carolina,

Thunderbird Archaeological Associates, Woodstock, Virginia,

Tidewater Atlantic Research, Washington, North Carolina,

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Wilmington, North Carolina, and

University of South Carolina, Columbia, South Carolina.

Collections were generated as a result of work by all of the above except Tidewater Atlantic Research, Thomas Loftfield, and Garrow and Associates. Overall, investigations consisted of systematic surveys, test excavations, and excavations to mitigate adverse effects on sites where necessary for the installation's mission.

SUMMARY OF ARCHAEOLOGICAL COLLECTIONS

Totals of approximately 2 ft³ of boxed artifacts, an additional 15,525 individual artifacts, and associated documentation have been identified for MOTSU. Artifacts recovered include prehistoric chipped stone, groundstone, ceramics, shell and animal bone, as well as historic

materials. As of the date of this report, the artifacts are believed to be located in the following repositories:

Cultural Heritage Research Services ~1 ft³

Kemron Environmental Services <1 ft³ artifacts

New South Associates ~16 artifacts

North Carolina Historic Sites Section, Raleigh

North Carolina Office of State Archaeology Unknown volume

Thunderbird Archaeological Associates

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Wilmington District Unknown volume

The attached Summary of Current Locations of Archaeological Collections from Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point (Appendix III) provides detailed information about each collection derived as a result of archaeological investigations at the installation. A collection consists of all of the materials, artifacts and associated documentation (e.g., field notes, maps, photos, data analyses, correspondence), produced as a result of an archaeological investigation or project at a single site or multiple sites. In some cases, the same archaeological site may have been investigated by various individuals or organizations. Depending on where the resulting collections are curated, they may be stored and identified as separate collections or separate components of a single collection. In cases where the artifacts and records have become separated, we list the records repository as well. Every attempt has been made to locate all collections cited on available archaeological site records or in published and unpublished references to archaeological investigations on the installation.

Collections from several projects on MOTSU are believed to be housed at the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Wilmington, North Carolina and at the North Carolina Office of State Archaeology. The volume of artifacts from these projects is currently unknown.

The MCX has been unable to ascertain whether the archaeological investigation by Kemron Environmental Services involved MOTSU lands or were completely outside the boundaries of Army property (see the section on Land Issues below). They are included here for further investigation.

NAGPRA-Related Items

No human skeletal remains or associated funerary objects were identified in our review of the associated documentation. The final determination of funerary objects, sacred objects or objects of cultural patrimony among the MOTSU collections may be established in consultation with culturally affiliated Native American tribes according to the definitions and restrictions specified in NAGPRA.

Land Issues for Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point

As of March 1990, 35 agencies and organizations had outgrants on MOTSU (Stine *et al.* 1990). A listing is provided in Appendix VI. There are several areas on MOTSU that are leased by the State of North Carolina, two of which are state historic sites Fort Fisher and Fort Anderson. The forts occupy areas on both state and federal lands. Several archaeological projects have been performed on these lands. The state and federal agencies involved were unsure as to which of these archaeological projects investigated sites on the military-owned portions of the historic sites as opposed to the state-owned portions. It is therefore unclear if the state or MOTSU is responsible for all of the collections.

REFERENCES TO ARCHAEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATIONS

Two sets of references regarding archaeological work conducted on MOTSU are attached: Appendix IV contains the list of references reviewed by the MCX during its archival research. Appendix V is the list of references contained in the National Archeological Data Base (NADB).

NATIVE AMERICAN TRIBES ASSOCIATED WITH MILITARY OCEAN TERMINAL SUNNY POINT

Although site records and project reports did not indicate cultural affiliation, there is ethnographic and archaeological evidence that Native American groups resided in the area of MOTSU. One federally recognized Native American tribe, the Cherokee, claims aboriginal land approximately 280 miles west/northwest of the installation (U.S.G.S. n.d.). At the time of European contact, the Cherokee were present in much of the area that now constitutes southeastern United States, including the Carolinas (Brewington n.d.:5; King 1994:95-96). In 1838 and 1839, the Cherokee were forced to move west. However, a small band hid in the mountains of North Carolina and avoided capture. The descendants of this group are the Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians, who have a reservation in Cherokee, North Carolina. The groups that moved west are the Cherokee Nation of Oklahoma in Tahlequah, Oklahoma (King 1994:95-98) and the United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee Indians also in Tahlequah, Oklahoma (Slagle 1994:98-99).

Another federally recognized group that was known to inhabit land near MOTSU is the Catawba. At first contact with Europeans in 1566-67, a tribe known as the Iswa were encountered (Sultzman 1996:2). The Iswa later merged with the Catawba proper (Sultzman 1996:1). They occupied an area along the Catawba River in northern South Carolina and southern North Carolina (Hudson 1976:7; Waldman 1985:33; Johnson 1992:65; Blumer 1994a:91-92; Sultzman 1996:1). In the 1700s the Catawba absorbed some other small Carolina tribes (South 1972:27-40; Sultzman 1996:1). In 1840 some Catawba joined the Cherokee and after an initial termination of tribal status in 1962, some joined the Choctaw in Oklahoma

(Sultzman 1996:4; Terrell 1971:130). The Catawba regained their federal recognition in 1994 (Sultzman 1996:4). Their present-day reservation, which they first occupied in the late 1700s, is located approximately 220 miles west of MOTSU in Rock Hill, South Carolina (U.S.G.S. n.d.; Hudson 1976:496).

The Tuscarora are a federally recognized tribe that once lived in the coastal plain of North Carolina (Patterson 1994:663; Hudson 1976:24) in the Neuse River area, but whose hunting territory extended to the Cape Fear River region (Brewington n.d.:17). In 1714 they fled from the colonists in North Carolina to Oneida territory in New York. In 1722, they became the sixth nation of the League of the Iroquois (Brewington n.d.:7, 15; Patterson 1994:663; Sultzman 1996:3). Their reservation is located in western New York, near Lewiston. Tuscarora are also living on a reserve near Brantford, Ontario (Patterson 1994:663).

When first encountered by Europeans, the Cape Fear Indians inhabited the area of the river for which they are named (South 1972:34; Johnson 1992:63). In the 1660s, a settlement known as Charles Towne was built on the west bank of the Cape Fear River. This settlement was soon abandoned due to the hostilities with the local tribe. Over fifty years later, Brunswick was founded in the same location (South 1972:35). MOTSU is now located in the former location of Charles Towne. Some of the present-day Summerville Indians of South Carolina (also known as the Four Hole Indian Organization/Edisto Tribe) claim ancestry to the Cape Fear Indians (Johnson 1992:63). The Summerville Indians are not federally recognized.

An additional Native American group that reportedly inhabited the area near MOTSU is the Lumbee. They are one of the largest groups of Native Americans in the United States, with most of them living around Robeson County, North Carolina (Hudson 1976:493; Ross 1987:297), approximately 80 miles to the west of the installation. They are of mixed Native American, Caucasian and African-American ancestry (Brewington n.d.:5; Hudson 1976:493-495; Johnson 1992:29). When they were encountered by Euroamericans in the 1600 or 1700s, the Lumbee lived and spoke like white frontiersmen, with only their racial characteristics identifying them as Native American (Brewington n.d.:5; Hudson 1976:493-495; Ross 1987:299). Some historians, and the Lumbee themselves, believe that they are an amalgamation of the Lost Colony of Roanoke Island and at least five of the local tribes (Brewington n.d.:5). The Lumbee are currently not federally recognized.

The Waccamaw-Siouan Indian Tribe presently live in several settlements in Bladen and Columbus counties in North Carolina (Campisi 1994a:681), approximately 40 miles west of MOTSU. They are believed to be descended from the Waccamaw people that inhabited the same area in the early 1700s (Brewington n.d.:16; Campisi 1994a:681). Some Waccamaw descendants may be included with the Lumbee of Robeson County, North Carolina (Ross 1987:302; Johnson 1992:63). The Waccamaw-Siouan Tribe is currently not federally recognized.

The PeeDee of South Carolina may be related to the Lumbee of North Carolina (Blumer 1994b:438). They were known to have lived on the Great Pee Dee River in South Carolina

(Johnson 1992:63). They now reside in Chesterfield, Dillon, Marlboro and Marion counties in South Carolina (Blumer 1994b:438), approximately 80-100 miles west of MOTSU. The PeeDee are not federally recognized.

The Coharie tribe is located in Sampson and Harnett counties in North Carolina (Brewington n.d.:15; Campisi 1994b:123), approximately 60 miles northwest of MOTSU, where they have lived since before the mid 1700s (Brewington n.d.:15; Campisi 1994b:123). The Coharie are not federally recognized.

Until the mid 1700s, the Santee Indians of South Carolina inhabited the area around the Santee River (Johnson 1992:63), approximately 80 miles southeast of the present-day MOTSU. Some possible descendants may now reside in Calhoun, Berkeley and Orangeburg counties in South Carolina (Blumer 1994c:568). Some of the Santee are believed to have joined the Catawba and Summerville Indians of South Carolina as well (Terrell 1971:130; Johnson 1992:65). The Santee are not federally recognized.

Many small tribes from eastern North and South Carolina are believed to have been partially or wholly absorbed by the Catawba and/or Cherokee in early colonial times. These tribes include the Cheraw, Congaree, Wateree, and the aforementioned PeeDee and Santee of South Carolina, as well as the Eno, Keyauwee, Chicora, Sissipahaw, and Woccon of North Carolina (Brewington n.d.:1-19; Terrell 1971:130; South 1972:27-40).

No tribe has been adjudicated the land on which MOTSU is situated, however ethnographic evidence indicates that the federally recognized tribes referenced above may have some cultural affiliation with the materials from MOTSU.

SECTION 6 COMPLIANCE

P.L. 101-601 (NAGPRA) requires that federal agencies engage in active consultation with Native Americans of federally recognized tribes and/or lineal descendants who may be culturally affiliated with the archaeological collections from the installation. Enclosed are draft NAGPRA Section 6 Summary letters (Appendix I) and a list of the tribal chairpersons from the federally recognized tribes which may be culturally affiliated with the collections (Appendix II).

Of the groups referenced above, the Cherokee, Catawba, and Tuscarora have federally recognized tribes. Other groups are in the process of petitioning the Bureau of Indian Affairs for federal recognition.

For the Cherokee, two groups, the Cherokee Indians of Robeson and Adjoining Counties, North Carolina, and Cherokee Indians of Hoke County, Inc., North Carolina, have cases that require legislation to permit processing (Bureau of Indian Affairs 1995:4). Other groups have submitted letters of intent to petition for federal recognition, but have not submitted petitions as of July 1995:

Amonsoquath Tribe of Cherokee, Missouri,
Cane Break Band of Eastern Cherokees, Georgia,
Cherokee Indians of Georgia, Inc., Georgia,
Cherokees of Jackson County, Alabama,
Cherokees of Southeast Alabama, Alabama,
Cherokee-Powhatan Indian Association, North Carolina,
Chickamauga Cherokee Indian Nation of Arkansas and Missouri,
Etowah Cherokee Nation, Tennessee,
Northern Cherokee Nation of Old Louisiana Territory, Missouri,
Northern Cherokee Tribe of Indians, Missouri, and
Tuscola United Cherokee Tribe of Florida and Alabama, Inc., Florida.

The Georgia Tribe of Eastern Cherokees, Inc., Georgia, and the Langley Band of the Chickamogee Cherokee Indians of the Southeastern United States, Alabama have incomplete petitions as of July 1995. The Southeastern Cherokee Confederacy (SECC), Georgia, Northwest Cherokee Wolf Band, SECC, Oregon, and Red Clay Inter-Tribal Indian Band, SECC, Tennessee, were denied acknowledgment effective November 1985 (Bureau of Indian Affairs 1995:3-7).

The Hatteras Tuscarora Indians, North Carolina, the Tuscarora Indian Tribe, Drowning Creek Reservation, North Carolina, and the Tuscarora Nation of North Carolina have petitions that require legislation to permit processing as of July 11, 1995 (Bureau of Indian Affairs 1995:4).

The Summerville Indians of South Carolina, also known as the Four Hole Indian Organization/Edisto Tribe, has submitted an incomplete petition for federal recognition (Bureau of Indian Affairs 1995:5).

The Lumbee have no federally recognized groups. However, the Lumbee Regional Development Association's petition for acknowledgment requires legislation to permit processing as of July 11, 1995. The United Lumbee Nation of North Carolina and America, California was denied acknowledgment effective July 2, 1985 (Bureau of Indian Affairs 1995:3).

Several of the non-federally recognized groups mentioned in the previous section have submitted letters of intent to petition (Bureau of Indian Affairs 1995:6-7). These groups are:

Chicora-Waccamaw Indian People, South Carolina,
Coharie Intra-Tribal Council, Inc., North Carolina,
PeeDee Indian Association, Inc. of South Carolina,
Santee Tribe, White Oak Indian Community, South Carolina,
Waccamaw-Siouan Development Association, Inc., North Carolina, and
Waccamaw-Siouan Indian Association, South Carolina.

Initial consultation should be conducted on a government-to-government basis. Refer to P.L. 101-601 (NAGPRA) and 43 CFR 10 (Implementing Regulations) for specifics on required Native American consultation and the legal definitions of items subject to NAGPRA.

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APPENDIX I

DRAFT SECTION 6 SUMMARY LETTERS FOR MILITARY OCEAN TERMINAL SUNNY POINT, NORTH CAROLINA

[Installation Header]

Mr. Jonathan Taylor, Principal Chief Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians P.O. Box 455 Cherokee, NC 28719

Dear Mr. Taylor:

I am writing to inform you of collections held by Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point that may contain Native American cultural items, as defined by the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), that are, or are likely to be, culturally affiliated with the Cherokee. Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point has documented these archaeological collections in a Summary in accordance with the requirements of Section 6 of NAGPRA.

Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point is responsible for collections that include approximately 4 ft³, plus an additional 15,525 individual artifacts reportedly housed at

Cultural Heritage Research Services, North Wales, Pennsylvania, Kemron Environmental Services, Cincinnati, Ohio, New South Associates, Stone Mountain, Georgia, North Carolina Historic Sites Section, Raleigh, North Carolina Office of State Archaeology, Raleigh, Thunderbird Archaeological Associates, Woodstock, Virginia, and U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Wilmington, North Carolina.

These archaeological collections were generated from surveys and/or excavations conducted between 1964 and 1995. The collections consist of prehistoric ceramics, chipped stone, groundstone, shell, animal bone, and historic materials such as brick, ceramics, metal, glass, personal effects, and military debris, as well as associated documentation such as field notes, photographs, and correspondence. No human skeletal remains or associated funerary objects were identified in our review of the collection documentation.

We are notifying the Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians because some of these materials were found near the area thought to be part of the territory occupied or used aboriginally by the Cherokee. Additionally, we are notifying you because historical documents state that some members of the Catawba Tribe may have joined the Cherokee in the 1800s. The Catawba are also believed to have aboriginally occupied the geographical area that now includes Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point. In accordance with Section 6 of NAGPRA, we are inviting you to consult with us regarding these archaeological collections. Upon your written request, we will provide you access to review our records, catalogues, relevant studies, or other pertinent data for the purpose of determining the geographic origin, cultural affiliation, and basic facts surrounding acquisition and accession of these collections.

Please feel free to contact [Installation POC name] regarding any of these issues, at [telephone, address].

To facilitate discussions between Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point and the Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians on these matters, please forward the name and method of contacting your tribal representative, traditional religious leader, or preferred NAGPRA point of contact. We look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,

[Commander's signature]

CF: MTM

Commander, U.S. Army Military Traffic Management Command

c/o U.S. Army Garrison - Bayonne

ATTN: MTPAL-FE (Richard Mandra), Building 101

Bayonne, NJ 07002-5301

USAEC

Commander, US Army Environmental Center

ATTN: SFIM-AEC-EC (Guldenzopf)

Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5401

MCX

Commander, US Army Corps of Engineers

ATTN: CELMS-PD-C (Trimble)

1222 Spruce Street

St. Louis, MO 63103-2833

[Installation Header]

Mr. Joseph Byrd, Principal Chief Cherokee Nation of Oklahoma P.O. Box 948 Tahlequah, OK 74465

Dear Mr. Byrd:

I am writing to inform you of collections held by Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point that may contain Native American cultural items, as defined by the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), that are, or are likely to be, culturally affiliated with the Cherokee. Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point has documented these archaeological collections in a Summary in accordance with the requirements of Section 6 of NAGPRA.

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Cultural Heritage Research Services, North Wales, Pennsylvania, Kemron Environmental Services, Cincinnati, Ohio, New South Associates, Stone Mountain, Georgia, North Carolina Historic Sites Section, Raleigh, North Carolina Office of State Archaeology, Raleigh, Thunderbird Archaeological Associates, Woodstock, Virginia, and U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Wilmington, North Carolina.

These archaeological collections were generated from surveys and/or excavations conducted between 1964 and 1995. The collections consist of prehistoric ceramics, chipped stone, groundstone, shell, animal bone, and historic materials such as brick, ceramics, metal, glass, personal effects, and military debris, as well as associated documentation such as field notes, photographs, and correspondence. No human skeletal remains or associated funerary objects were identified in our review of the collection documentation.

We are notifying the Cherokee Nation of Oklahoma because some of these materials were found near the area thought to be part of the territory occupied or used aboriginally by the Cherokee. Additionally, we are notifying you because historical documents state that some members of the Catawba Tribe may have joined the Cherokee in the 1800s. The Catawba are also believed to have aboriginally occupied the geographical area that now includes Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point. In accordance with Section 6 of NAGPRA, we are inviting you to consult with us regarding these archaeological collections. Upon your written request, we will provide you access to review our records, catalogues, relevant studies, or other pertinent data for the purpose of determining the geographic origin, cultural affiliation, and basic facts surrounding acquisition and accession of these collections.

Please feel free to contact [Installation POC name] regarding any of these issues, at [telephone, address].

To facilitate discussions between Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point and the Cherokee Nation of Oklahoma on these matters, please forward the name and method of contacting your tribal representative, traditional religious leader, or preferred NAGPRA point of contact. We look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,

[Commander's signature]

CF: MTM Commander, U.S. Army Military Traffic Management Command

c/o U.S. Army Garrison - Bayonne

ATTN: MTPAL-FE (Richard Mandra), Building 101

Bayonne, NJ 07002-5301

USAEC Commander, US Army Environmental Center

ATTN: SFIM-AEC-EC (Guldenzopf)

Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5401

MCX Commander, US Army Corps of Engineers

ATTN: CELMS-PD-C (Trimble)

1222 Spruce Street

St. Louis, MO 63103-2833

[Installation Header]

Mr. John Ross, Spokesperson United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee P.O. Box 746 Tahlequah, OK 74464

Dear Mr. Ross:

I am writing to inform you of collections held by Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point that may contain Native American cultural items, as defined by the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), that are, or are likely to be, culturally affiliated with the Cherokee. Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point has documented these archaeological collections in a Summary in accordance with the requirements of Section 6 of NAGPRA.

Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point is responsible for collections that include approximately 4 ft³, plus an additional 15,525 individual artifacts reportedly housed at:

Cultural Heritage Research Services, North Wales, Pennsylvania, Kemron Environmental Services, Cincinnati, Ohio, New South Associates, Stone Mountain, Georgia, North Carolina Historic Sites Section, Raleigh, North Carolina Office of State Archaeology, Raleigh, Thunderbird Archaeological Associates, Woodstock, Virginia, and U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Wilmington, North Carolina.

These archaeological collections were generated from surveys and/or excavations conducted between 1964 and 1995. The collections consist of prehistoric ceramics, chipped stone, groundstone, shell, animal bone, and historic materials such as brick, ceramics, metal, glass, personal effects, and military debris, as well as associated documentation such as field notes, photographs, and correspondence. No human skeletal remains or associated funerary objects were identified in our review of the collection documentation.

We are notifying the United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee because some of these materials were found near the area thought to be part of the territory occupied or used aboriginally by the Cherokee. Additionally, we are notifying you because historical documents state that some members of the Catawba Tribe may have joined the Cherokee in the 1800s. The Catawba are also believed to have aboriginally occupied the geographical area that now includes Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point. In accordance with Section 6 of NAGPRA, we are inviting you to consult with us regarding these archaeological collections. Upon your written request, we will provide you access to review our records, catalogues, relevant studies, or other pertinent data for the purpose of determining the geographic origin, cultural affiliation, and basic facts surrounding acquisition and accession of these collections.

Please feel free to contact [Installation POC name] regarding any of these issues, at [telephone, address].

To facilitate discussions between Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point and the United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee on these matters, please forward the name and method of contacting your tribal representative, traditional religious leader, or preferred NAGPRA point of contact. We look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,

[Commander's signature]

CF: MTM

Commander, U.S. Army Military Traffic Management Command

c/o U.S. Army Garrison - Bayonne

ATTN: MTPAL-FE (Richard Mandra), Building 101

Bayonne, NJ 07002-5301

USAEC

Commander, US Army Environmental Center

ATTN: SFIM-AEC-EC (Guldenzopf)

Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5401

MCX

Commander, US Army Corps of Engineers

ATTN: CELMS-PD-C (Trimble)

1222 Spruce Street

St. Louis, MO 63103-2833

[Installation Header]

Mr. Gilbert Blue, Chairman Catawba Indian Nation P.O. Box 11106 Rockhill, SC 29730

Dear Mr. Blue:

I am writing to inform you of collections held by Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point that may contain Native American cultural items, as defined by the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), that are, or are likely to be, culturally affiliated with the Catawba. Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point has documented these archaeological collections in a Summary in accordance with the requirements of Section 6 of NAGPRA.

Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point is responsible for collections that include approximately 4 ft³, plus an additional 15,525 individual artifacts reportedly housed at:

Cultural Heritage Research Services, North Wales, Pennsylvania, Kemron Environmental Services, Cincinnati, Ohio, New South Associates, Stone Mountain, Georgia, North Carolina Historic Sites Section, Raleigh, North Carolina Office of State Archaeology, Raleigh, Thunderbird Archaeological Associates, Woodstock, Virginia, and U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Wilmington, North Carolina.

These archaeological collections were generated from surveys and/or excavations conducted between 1964 and 1995. The collections consist of prehistoric ceramics, chipped stone, groundstone, shell, animal bone, and historic materials such as brick, ceramics, metal, glass, personal effects, and military debris, as well as associated documentation such as field notes, photographs, and correspondence. No human skeletal remains or associated funerary objects were identified in our review of the collection documentation.

We are notifying the Catawba Indian Nation because some of these materials were found near the area thought to be part of the territory occupied or used aboriginally by the Catawba. In accordance with Section 6 of NAGPRA, we are inviting you to consult with us regarding these archaeological collections. Upon your written request, we will provide you access to review our records, catalogues, relevant studies, or other pertinent data for the purpose of determining the geographic origin, cultural affiliation, and basic facts surrounding acquisition and accession of these collections.

Please feel free to contact [Installation POC name] regarding any of these issues, at [telephone, address].

To facilitate discussions between Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point and the Catawba Indian Nation on these matters, please forward the name and method of contacting your tribal representative, traditional religious leader, or preferred NAGPRA point of contact. We look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,

[Commander's signature]

CF: MTM Commander, U.S. Army Military Traffic Management Command

c/o U.S. Army Garrison - Bayonne

ATTN: MTPAL-FE (Richard Mandra), Building 101

Bayonne, NJ 07002-5301

USAEC Commander, US Army Environmental Center

ATTN: SFIM-AEC-EC (Guldenzopf)

Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5401

MCX Commander, US Army Corps of Engineers

ATTN: CELMS-PD-C (Trimble)

1222 Spruce Street

[Installation Header]

Mr. Hollis E. Roberts, Chief Choctaw Nation of Oklahoma P.O. Box 580 Okmulgee, Oklahoma 74447

Dear Mr. Roberts:

I am writing to inform you of collections held by Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point that may contain Native American cultural items, as defined by the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), that are, or are likely to be, culturally affiliated with Catawba component of your tribe. Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point has documented these archaeological collections in a Summary in accordance with the requirements of Section 6 of NAGPRA.

Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point is responsible for collections that include approximately 4 ft³, plus an additional 15,525 individual artifacts reportedly housed at:

Cultural Heritage Research Services, North Wales, Pennsylvania, Kemron Environmental Services, Cincinnati, Ohio, New South Associates, Stone Mountain, Georgia, North Carolina Historic Sites Section, Raleigh, North Carolina Office of State Archaeology, Raleigh, Thunderbird Archaeological Associates, Woodstock, Virginia, and U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Wilmington, North Carolina.

These archaeological collections were generated from surveys and/or excavations conducted between 1964 and 1995. The collections consist of prehistoric ceramics, chipped stone, groundstone, shell, animal bone, and historic materials such as brick, ceramics, metal, glass, personal effects, and military debris, as well as associated documentation such as field notes, photographs, and correspondence. No human skeletal remains or associated funerary objects were identified in our review of the collection documentation.

We are notifying the Choctaw Nation of Oklahoma because historical documents state that some members of the Catawba Tribe may have merged with the Choctaw in the 1800's. The Catawba are believed to have aboriginally occupied the geographical area that now includes Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point. In accordance with Section 6 of NAGPRA, we are inviting you to consult with us regarding these archaeological collections. Upon your written request, we will provide you access to review our records, catalogues, relevant studies, or other pertinent data for the purpose of determining the geographic origin, cultural affiliation, and basic facts surrounding acquisition and accession of these collections.

Please feel free to contact [Installation POC name] regarding any of these issues, at [telephone, address].

To facilitate discussions between Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point and the Choctaw Nation of Oklahoma on these matters, please forward the name and method of contacting your tribal representative, traditional religious leader, or preferred NAGPRA point of contact. We look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,

[Commander's signature]

CF: MTM Commander, U.S. Army Military Traffic Management Command

c/o U.S. Army Garrison - Bayonne

ATTN: MTPAL-FE (Richard Mandra), Building 101

Bayonne, NJ 07002-5301

USAEC Commander, US Army Environmental Center

ATTN: SFIM-AEC-EC (Guldenzopf)

Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5401

MCX Commander, US Army Corps of Engineers

ATTN: CELMS-PD-C (Trimble)

1222 Spruce Street

St. Louis, MO 63103-2833

[Installation Header]

Mr. Arnold Hewitt, Chief Tuscarora Nation 5616 Walmore Road Lewiston, New York 14092

Dear Mr. Hewitt:

I am writing to inform you of collections held by Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point that may contain Native American cultural items, as defined by the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), that are, or are likely to be, culturally affiliated with Tuscarora. Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point has documented these archaeological collections in a Summary in accordance with the requirements of Section 6 of NAGPRA.

Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point is responsible for collections that include approximately 4 ft³, plus an additional 15,525 individual artifacts reportedly housed at:

Cultural Heritage Research Services, North Wales, Pennsylvania, Kemron Environmental Services, Cincinnati, Ohio, New South Associates, Stone Mountain, Georgia, North Carolina Historic Sites Section, Raleigh, North Carolina Office of State Archaeology, Raleigh, Thunderbird Archaeological Associates, Woodstock, Virginia, and U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Wilmington, North Carolina.

These archaeological collections were generated from surveys and/or excavations conducted between 1964 and 1995. The collections consist of prehistoric ceramics, chipped stone, groundstone, shell, animal bone, and historic materials such as brick, ceramics, metal, glass, personal effects, and military debris, as well as associated documentation such as field notes, photographs, and correspondence. No human skeletal remains or associated funerary objects were identified in our review of the collection documentation.

We are notifying the Tuscarora Nation because some of these materials were found near the area thought to be part of the territory occupied or used aboriginally by the Tuscarora. In accordance with Section 6 of NAGPRA, we are inviting you to consult with us regarding these archaeological collections. Upon your written request, we will provide you access to review our records, catalogues, relevant studies, or other pertinent data for the purpose of determining the geographic origin, cultural affiliation, and basic facts surrounding acquisition and accession of these collections.

Please feel free to contact [Installation POC name] regarding any of these issues, at [telephone, address].

To facilitate discussions between Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point and the Tuscarora Nation on these matters, please forward the name and method of contacting your tribal representative, traditional religious leader, or preferred NAGPRA point of contact. We look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,

[Commander's signature]

CF: MTM

Commander, U.S. Army Military Traffic Management Command

c/o U.S. Army Garrison - Bayonne

ATTN: MTPAL-FE (Richard Mandra), Building 101

Bayonne, NJ 07002-5301

USAEC

Commander, US Army Environmental Center

ATTN: SFIM-AEC-EC (Guldenzopf)

Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5401

MCX

Commander, US Army Corps of Engineers

ATTN: CELMS-PD-C (Trimble)

1222 Spruce Street

St. Louis, MO 63103-2833

APPENDIX II

NATIVE AMERICAN POINTS OF CONTACT FOR MILITARY OCEAN TERMINAL SUNNY POINT, NORTH CAROLINA

FEDERALLY RECOGNIZED TRIBES

Cherokee

Mr. Jonathan Taylor, Principal Chief Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians P.O. Box 455 Cherokee, NC 28719 (704) 497-2771 (704) 497-2952 FAX

Mr. Joseph Byrd, Principal Chief Cherokee Nation of Oklahoma P.O. Box 948 Tahlequah, OK 74465 (918) 456-0671 ext. 466 (918) 256-0671 FAX

Mr. John Ross, Spokesperson United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee P.O. Box 746 Tahlequah, OK 74464 (918) 456-9462 (918) 456-3648 FAX

Catawba

Mr. Gilbert Blue, Chairman Catawba Indian Nation P.O. Box 11106 Rockhill, SC 29730 (803) 366-4792 (803) 366-9150 FAX

Choctaw

Mr. Hollis E. Roberts, Chief Choctaw Nation of Oklahoma P.O. Box 580 Okmulgee, Oklahoma 74447 (405) 924-8280 (405) 924-1150 fax

Tuscarora

Mr. Arnold Hewitt, Chief Tuscarora Nation 5616 Walmore Road Lewiston, New York 14092 (716) 297-4990 no fax number

APPENDIX III

SUMMARY OF CURRENT LOCATIONS OF ARCHAEOLOGICAL COLLECTIONS FROM MILITARY OCEAN TERMINAL SUNNY POINT, NORTH CAROLINA

All collections information has been entered into a Paradox data base file and can be queried by any of the fields listed below, as well as by the name of the installation and by MACOM. The data base will be delivered by the MCX to the U.S. Army Environmental Center upon completion of the U.S. Army NAGPRA Compliance Project. Inquiries for additional information are welcome (MCX: 314-331-8865; U.S. Army Environmental Center NAGPRA Compliance Project: 410-671-1573). The data fields listed in the summary of collections contain the following information:

REPOSITORY: The current location in which the collection is stored, as

of the date of this report.

REPOSITORY POC: The person contacted by the MCX, or the person to whom

inquiries regarding the collection should be addressed.

TELEPHONE: The telephone number for the repository POC.

COLLECTION ID: The identifying unit used by the repository to store and/or

locate the collection. This can be a unique accession number assigned by the repository, the archaeological site number or project name, the name of the collector of the collection, or another number or name assigned by the

repository.

SITE NUMBERS: The official site number or name only for those sites from

which materials were collected. An investigator may have performed work at additional sites but did not collect any materials. Those site numbers are not included in this field.

FIELDWORK DATES: The date(s) during which the investigation(s) occurred.

This information is provided to differentiate between projects that may have investigated the same site

repeatedly.

EXCAVATOR/COLLECTOR: The individual and/or organization that conducted the

investigation.

COLLECTION SIZE:

The volume or number of objects in a collection, estimated

by the repository POC or from project reports.

DESCRIPTION OF MATERIALS: General material classes of the objects in the collection derived from data provided on site records, in

references, and/or by the Repository POC.

ANTIQUITY/ARCH. PERIOD: Chronological or cultural-historical designations recorded on site records or in references specific to the collection.

CULTURAL AFFILIATION: This column contains only those ethnic identifications found in the site records or references specific to the collection. This field is left blank if no such information was recorded.

BASIS OF DETERMINATION: Documents the source of the cultural affiliation information (e.g., site record, oral testimony, reference).

SECTION 5 MATERIALS: Describes the number and kind of human skeletal remains and associated funerary objects in the collection, as indicated by the site records, references, repository management documents, or information from repository POC. If these materials are present or are suspected to be present, NAGPRA Section 5 requires a physical inventory of the materials.

As of March 1996

	Describer DOC	Talaahaaa	Collection ID	Site Numbers	Fieldwork Dates	Excavator/
Repository	Repository POC	Telephone	Collection ID	Site Numbers	FIEIUWORK Dates	Excavator
Cultural Heritage Research Services, North Wales, PA	Ken Basilik	(215) 699-8006	Reaves Point; Accession Numbers: 83-158 to 164	31BW393, 396-398, 403, 406, 407, 410, 412	1983	Cultural Her Research S
Kemron Environmental Services, Cincinnati, OH	Laura Clifford	(513) 631-3900	Unknown	31BW559	1992	Kemron Environmen Services, Ci OH
New South Associates, Stone Mountain, GA	Lawrence Abbott	(919) 563-4708	Unknown	31NH7	1994	New South Associates, Mountain, G
North Carolina Historic Sites Office, Raleigh, NC	Terry Harper	(919) 733-9033	Bomb Proof	Bomb Proof	1972-1978	Fort Fisher Underwater Preservation
North Carolina Historic Sites Office, Raleigh, NC	Terry Harper	(919) 733-9033	Fort Fisher	Fort Fisher State Historic Site	1964	Stanley Sou
North Carolina Historic Sites Office, Raleigh, NC	Terry Harper	(919) 733-9033	Fort Fisher	Fort Fisher State Historic Site	1991	Coastal Care Research
Office of State Archaeology, Raleigh, NC	Dr. Bill Oliver	(919) 733-7342	Accession Numbers: 89422-89435, 89439- 89443, 89452-89476, 89482	31NH49, 89-95, 107, 377, 397, 398, 506-508, 561, 637, 641, 642, 647-683	1 98 9	Carolina Archaeologi Services, Ind Columbia, S
Thunderbird Archaeological Associates, Woodstock, VA	Dr. Bill Gardner	(703) 459-4017	MOTSU Historic Preservation Plan	31NH93, 95, 107, 390, 397, 398, 441, 506, 507, 508, 637; 31BW373, 393, 401, 407, 408, 409, 410	1987	Thunderbird Archaeologi Associates, Woodstock,
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Wilmington, NC	Terry Harper	(919) 733-9033	Fort Johnston, Fort Anderson, Robbins Plantation, Battery Lamb	31BW376, 557, 558	1992	Louis Berge Associates
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Wilmington, NC	Richard Kimmel	(910) 251-4994	Carolina Beach Borrow Area	31NH107, 398, 507, 508	1981	Archaeologic Research Co
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Wilmington, NC	Richard Kimmel	(910) 251-4994	Unknown	31BW392	Unknown	Unknown
North Carolina Historic Sites Office, Raleigh, NC	Тетту Нагрег	(919) 733-9033	Fort Fisher	Fort Fisher	1982	North Caroli Division of A History
North Carolina Historic Sites Section, Raleigh, NC	Terry Harper	(919) 733-9033	Battery Buchanan	Battery Buchanan	1966	Stanley Sour
North Carolina Historic Sites Section, Raleigh, NC	Terry Harper	(919) 733-9033	Bomb Proof	Bomb Proof	1977 - 1978	Fort Fisher Preservation Laboratory, Wilmington,
North Carolina Historic Sites Section, Raleigh, NC	Terry Harper	(919) 733-9033	Causeway	Causeway	1969	Bill Henry
North Carolina Historic Sites Section, Raleigh, NC	Тепу Нагрег	(919) 733-9033	Fort Fisher Preservation Laboratory	Fort Fisher Preservation Laboratory	1974	Fort Fisher Preservation Laboratory, Wilmington.
North Carolina Historic Sites Section, Raleigh, NC	Terry Harper	(919) 733-9033	Mound #6	Mound #6	1992	North Carolin Sites Section NC

Location of Archaeological Collections From: Military Ocean TerminalSunny Point, North Carolina [MTM]

As of March 1996

	Fieldwork Dates	Excavator/Collector	Collection Size	Description of Materials	Antiquity/Archaeological Period	Cultural Affiliation	Basis of Determinat
. 407,	1983	Cultural Heritage Research Services	~ 1 cu. ft.	Prehistoric Ceramics; Historic Ceramics, Brick, Metal, Glass	Prehistoric; Historic	Unknown	N/A
	1992	Kemron Environmental Services, Cincinnati, OH	< 1 cu. ft. of Artifacts	Prehistoric Ceramics; Historic Modern Garbage	Prehistoric; Historic	Unknown	N/A
	1994	New South Associates, Stone Mountain, GA	~ 16 Artifacts	Historic Brick, Metal, Glass, Shell	Historic	Unknown	N/A
	1972-1978	Fort Fisher Underwater Preservation Lab	Unknown	Historic Cannon Ball Fragments, Metal, Glass	Historic	Unknown	N/A
	1964	Stanley South, SCIAA	1 Artifact	Confederate Electric Torpedo	Historic; Civil War Era	Unknown	N/A
	1991	Coastal Carolina Research	~ 1-2 cu. ft.	Historic Cannon Ball Fragments, Metal	Historic	Unknown	N/A
, 398, 347-683	1989	Carolina Archaeological Services, Inc., Columbia, SC	Unknown	Prehistoric Ceramics, Lithics, Shell, Animal Bone; Historic Ceramics, Glass, Metal, Brick, Nails, Tile, Trash, Toys, Button, Rifle Cleaner, Glass Trade Bead	Prehistoric, Woodland; Historic, Civil War Era	Unknown	N/A
98, 441, , 3 93,	1987	Thunderbird Archaeological Associates, Woodstock, VA	~ 1,238 Artifacts	Prehistoric Ceramics, Lithics; Historic Brick, Ceramics, Metal, Glass, Nails, Porcelain	Prehistoric, Woodland; Historic	Unknown	N/A
	1992	Louis Berger and Associates	~100 Artifacts	Prehistoric Lithics; Historic Metal, Glass	Prehistoric; Historic	Unknown	N/A
	1981	Archaeological Research Consultants	Unknown	Prehistoric Ceramics, Lithics	Prehistoric	Unknown	N/A
	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Prehistoric Ceramics	Prehistoric	Unknown	N/A _
	1982	North Carolina Division of Archives & History	Unknown	Historic	Historic	Unknown	N/A ·
	1966	Stanley South	19 Artifacts	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	N/A
	1977 - 1978	Fort Fisher Preservation Laboratory,	4,073 Artifacts	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	N/A
	19 69	Wilmington, NC Bill Henry	151 Artifacts	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	N/A
atory	1974	Fort Fisher Preservation Laboratory, Wilmington, NC	994 Artifacts	Unknown	Unknown .	Unknown	N/A
	1992	North Carolina Historic Sites Section, Raleigh, NC	7 Artifacts	Historic Iron Shell Fragments	Historic	Unknown	N/A

Antiquity/Archaeological Period	Cultural	Basis of	Section 5 Materials
	Affiliation	Determination	
rehistoric; Historic	Unknown	N/A	None
rehistoric; Historic	Unknown	N/A	None
Termotorio, Filadorio	S I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I		
	1.6.4	N/A	None
istoric	Unknown	N/A	None
storic	Unknown	N/A	None
istoric; Civil War Era	Unknown	N/A	None
ISTORIC, CIVII VVZI LIA	Onknown		11000
storic	Unknown	N/A	None
ehistoric, Woodland; Historic,	Unknown	N/A	None
vil War Era			
		•	
ehistoric, Woodland; Historic	Unknown	N/A	None
enstore, woodard, ristore	Officiowii		
	11-1	21/4	Name
ehistoric; Historic	Unknown	N/A	None
ehistoric	Unknown	N/A	None
ehistoric	Unknown	N/A	None
		_	
storic	Unknown	N/A	None
5.510	Similowii		
			'
nknown	Unknown	N/A	None
iknown	Unknown	N/A	None
kaoun	Unknown	N/A	None
ıknown	Unknown	IVA	NORC
1]	ļ
iknown	Unknown	N/A	None
·			
storic	Unknown	N/A	None

Summary of Current Location of Archaeological Collectic

As of March 1996

Repository	Repository POC	Telephone	Collection ID	Site Numbers	Fieldwork Dates	Excavat
North Carolina Historic Sites Section, Raleigh, NC	Terry Harper	(919) 733-9033	Palisade	Palisade	1984	Jack Wils
North Carolina Historic Sites Section, Raleigh, NC	Terry Harper	(919) 733-9033	Re-enactor's Camp Site	Re-enactor's Camp Site	1987	Fort Fishe Preservat Laborator Wilmington
North Carolina Historic Sites Section, Raleigh, NC	Terry Harper	(919) 733-9033	Shepard's Battery	Shepard's Battery	1986	Jack Wils
North Carolina Office of State Archaeology, Raleigh, NC	Dr. Bill Oliver	(919) 733-7342	C.E.T.A. Project	31NH7, 49, 89, 107, 377, 397, 398, 506, 507, 508	1977 - 1978	Fort Fishe Underwar Preservar Laborator Wilmington
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Wilmington, NC	Richard Kimmel	(910) 251-4994	Unknown	31BW374	1979	CZR, Inc. NC

Surrent Location of Archaeological Collections From: Military Ocean TerminalSunny Point, North Carolina [MTM]

As of March 1996

bers	Fieldwork Dates	Excavator/Collector	Collection Size	Description of Materials	Antiquity/Archaeological Period	Cuttural Affiliation	Det
-	1984	Jack Wilson	3,387 Artifacts	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	N/A
te	1987	Fort Fisher Preservation Laboratory, Wilmington, NC	50 Artifacts	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	N/A
	1986	Jack Wilson	5,390 Artifacts	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	N/A
77, 397, 398,	1977 - 1978	Fort Fisher Underwater Preservation Laboratory	Unknown	Prehistoric Ceramics, Lithics, Shell, Faunal Remains, Glass Trade Bead; Historic Civil War Debris	Prehistoric; Historic	Unknown	N/A
•	1979	Wilmington, NC CZR, Inc., Wilmington, NC	~ 100 Artifacts	Prehistoric Ceramics, Flaked Stone, Groundstone; Historic Glass, Brick, Ceramics	Prehistoric; Historic	Unknown	N/A



Antiquity/Archaeological Period	Cultural Affiliation	Basis of Determination	Section 5 Materials
Unknown	Unknown	N/A	None
Unknown	Unknown	N/A	None
Unknown	Unknown	N/A	None
Prehistoric; Historic	Unknown	N/A	None
Prehistoric; Historic	Unknown	N/A	None
	Unknown Unknown Prehistoric; Historic	Unknown Unknown Unknown Unknown Unknown Unknown Prehistoric; Historic Unknown	Unknown Unknown N/A Unknown Unknown N/A Unknown Unknown N/A Prehistoric; Historic Unknown N/A

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APPENDIX IV

MCX LIST OF REFERENCES

In addition to the references reviewed by MCX personnel at the archaeological site information center, every attempt was made to obtain references cited but not on file. Information taken from these references was coded for data relating to collections made from sites located on installation property (see attached sample of PD-C Bibliographic Data Sheet form) and entered into a data base for ease of manipulation.

Report titles were drawn directly from the title page of reports, and consist of the following fields:

FIELD

DATA ENTERED

Subject Property

Army Installation name

Last Name

Primary author's last name

First Name

Primary author's first name

Middle Initial

Primary author's middle initial

Secondary Authors

Names of secondary authors, or in instances where the author is a company rather than an individual, the company

name is listed here

Title

Title of the reference. For letter reports, the person or agency to whom the correspondence is addressed is listed

as the title.

Series

If the report is part of a publication series, the name and

number are provided here.

Date

Date of publication or submission

Length

Report length in pages

Contract Number

Contract number and delivery order number, if applicable

The data for the next three fields are drawn directly from the report title page and reflect the hierarchy of contracting agencies involved in accomplishing the work. In some cases, the sponsoring agency is listed as the Army installation; in others, the intermediary contracting agent, (e.g., the Army Corps of Engineers or the National Park Service) is listed as the Sponsoring Agency.

Sponsoring Agency

Agency for which the report was prepared

Contractor

The agent contracted to perform the work

Subcontractor

The agent subcontracted to perform the work

The majority of the citations for archaeological investigations on Army land refer to unpublished reports prepared under contract with federal agencies, consequently the MCX printout was designed to address these reports. In instances where the author is a company rather than an individual, the company name is listed in the Secondary Authors field (due to the length of the field). For published references, the publisher is listed in the Sponsoring Agency field.

Page of	Page of
NADB No.	PD-C Collection No.
PD-C Bibliograp	hy Data Sheet
Date: Information obt	tained by:
PD-C Project:	
Subject Property:	
Repository (name and location):	
Record Collection Name/Number:	
Report Date and Length (in pages):	
Author(s):	
Title:	
Contractor/Address or Publisher/Address (city, state):	
Subcontractor/Address (city, state):	
Report Series and Number:	
Contract/Purchase Order Number(s):	-
Sponsoring Agency/Address:	<u> -</u>
Project Name and Location:	
Principal Investigator(s)/Director(s):	
Fieldwork Dates:	
Type of Investigation (e.g., survey, testing, mitigation	ation):

Previous Editions of This Form Obsolete

CELMS Form 810 Feb. 1995 CELMS-PD-C

PD-C Bibliography Data Sheet (continued)

Site Numbers:	
Archaeological Period (e.g., Hohokam, Mississippian):	
Material Classes (range):	
Artifact Collections and Locations:	
Approximate Size of Collections (e.g., number of objects):	
Record Collections and Locations:	
NAGPRA Materials (Check if present)	Euman Skeletal Remains Data Sheet
Human Skeletal Remains	Number of Attached Sheets
Objects	
Associated Funerary	Object Data Sheet
Unassociated Funerary	
Sacred	
Cultural Patrimony	
Cultural Affiliation(s):	
Basis for Affiliation Determination (e.g., geographic location, burial prac	tices):
Comments:	-

Subject property: Military Ocea	n Terminal Sunny Poir	nt (MOTSU), NC		
Last name:	F	irst name :	Middle Initial :	
Secondary Authors:				
Title: Scope of Work for Prepar County, North Carolina	ration of an Historic Pr	eservation Plan, Military	Ocean Terminal, Sunny Point, Brunswick	
Series :				
Date:	Length: 7	Contract Number:		
Sponsoring Agency: US Army C	Corps of Engineers-Wil	lmington District		
Contractor:				
Subcontractor:				
		. a comarn > : a		
Subject property: Military Ocea			N (1 H - Y - 1 - 1 - 1	
Last name:	_	irst name :	Middle Initial :	
Secondary Authors: Thunderbir				
Title: Results of Archaeological Field Investigations Carried Out Under Contract DACA54-86-C-0012 at the Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point, Brunswick and New Hanover Counties, NC.				
Series:				
Date: 1987	Length: 51	Contract Number: I	ACA54-86-C-0012	
Sponsoring Agency: US Army (Corps of Engineers-Wil	lmington District		
Contractor: Thunderbird Archae	ological Associates			
Subcontractor:			•	
Subject property : Military Ocea	on Terminal Sunny Poi	nt (MOTSU) NC		
		First name:	Middle Initial :	
Last name :	-		-	
Secondary Authors: Tidewater Atlantic Research, Inc. Title: A Submerged Cultural Resource Survey for the Channel Improvements at the Center and South Wharves and Entrance Channels at Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point, Brunswick County, NC.				
Channels at Military Oce Series:	an Terminal Sunny Po	ini, Brunswick County, 19	C.	
	Length: 24	Contract Number : I	DACW54-91-D-0001	
Date: 1993	•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Sponsoring Agency: US Army Corps of Engineers-Wilmington District				
Contractor: Tidewater Atlantic	research hic.			
Subcontractor:				

Subject property: Military Oc	ean Terminal Sunny Po	int (MOTSU), NC	
Last name: Abbott	1	First name: Lawrence	Middle Initial :
Secondary Authors:			
Title: Fort Fisher State Histor	ic Site Cultural Resource	ce Study of a Revetment, New Ha	unover County, NC
Series :			•
Date: 1995	Length: 16	Contract Number : DACW	54-94-D-0039
Sponsoring Agency: US Army	Corps of Engineers-W	ilmington District	
Contractor: New South Associ	iates		•
Subcontractor:			
Subject property: Military Oc	ean Terminal Sunny Po	int (MOTSU), NC	
Last name: Angley		First name: Wilson	Middle Initial:
Secondary Authors:			
Title: An Historical Overview	v of the Sunny Point Te	rminal Area on the Lower Cape I	Cear River
Series:			
Date: 02/83	Length: 39	Contract Number:	
Sponsoring Agency: Office of	State Archaeology, Ra	leigh, NC	
Contractor:			
Subcontractor:			
Subject property: Military Oc	ean Terminal Sunny Po	oint (MOTSU), NC	
Last name: Anuskiewicz		First name: Richard	Middle Initial:
Secondary Authors:			
Title: Diver Hands-on Cultur Terminal Sunny Point,	ral Resource Assessmen NC. A Report of Nega	t of Selected Magnetic Anomalie tive Findings	s at the North Wharf, Military Ocean
Series:			
Date: 1983	Length: 11	Contract Number:	
Sponsoring Agency:			
Contractor: US Army Corps of	of Engineers-Wilmingto	n District	
Subcontractor:		•	

Subject property: Military	Ocean Terminal Sunny Po	oint (MOTSU), NC	
Last name : Baker		First name: Michael	Middle Initial:
Secondary Authors :			
Title: An Intensive Archa	eological Reconnaissance of	of the Carolina Beach Borrow Area	, New Hanover Co., NC
Series:			
Date: 1981	Length: 25	Contract Number: DACW5	4-81-C-0002
Sponsoring Agency : US A	rmy Corps of Engineers-W	ilmington District	
Contractor: Archaeologica	l Research Consultants		
Subcontractor:			
Subject property : Military	Ocean Terminal Sunny Po	oint (MOTSU), NC	
Last name: Cassedy		First name: Daniel	Middle Initial:
Secondary Authors :			
Title: Phase I Archaeolog	ical Survey of Water and S	ewerline Extensions in Carolina Be	each, New Hanover Co., NC
Series :			
Date: 01/25/94	Length: 41	Contract Number:	
Sponsoring Agency : Muni	cipal Engineering Services	, Garner, NC	
Contractor: Garrow & Ass	ociates		
Subcontractor:			
Subject property: Military	Ocean Terminal Sunny Po	oint (MOTSU), NC	-
Last name : Clifford		First name: Laura	Middle Initial:
Secondary Authors:			
		•	
Title: Combination Phase Lateral Proposed G	I and Phase II Archaeolog as Transmission Line Loca	ical Survey and Eligibility Testing ted in Brunswick County, North Ca	for the Wilmington to Southport 12-inch arolina
Series :			
Date: 04/29/92	Length: 87	Contract Number:	
Sponsoring Agency: North	ı Carolina Natural Gas Con	npany, Fayetteville. NC	
Contractor : Kemron Envir		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Subcontractor:	•		

Subject property: Military Oc	ean Terminal Sunny Po	int (MCTSU), NC	
Last name: Dickinson	!	First name : Martin	Middle Initial:
Secondary Authors:			,
Title: A Proposal to Develop	a Historic Preservation	Plan for Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Poi	nt :
Series:			
Date: 08/25/85	Length: 100	Contract Number : DACA54-86-R-005	4
Sponsoring Agency: US Arm	y Corps of Engineers-W	ilmington District	
Contractor: Water amd Air Re	esearch		
Subcontractor:			
		· A A COTOLD NO	
Subject property: Military Oc			Middle Initial : G.
Last name : Forrest		First name: Lionel	Middle midal . G.
Secondary Authors :			
Title: A Brief Account of the	Fall of Fort Fisher		
Series:	, I all Of Fort Fisher		
		Contract Number:	
Date: 1964	Length: 6	Contract Number :	
Sponsoring Agency:	•		
Contractor:			
Subcontractor:			
Subject property : Military O	cean Terminal Sunny Po	oint (MOTSU), NC	
Last name: Hargrove		First name: Thomas	Middle Initial : H.
Secondary Authors:			_
Title: Archaeological Test E	xcavations at Reaves Po	oint, Military Ocean Terminal at Sunny Point,	Brunswick County.
Series :			
Date: 1984	Length: 33	Contract Number: DACW54-83-C-00	22
Sponsoring Agency : US Arm	y Corps of Engineers-W	/ilmington District	
Contractor: Archaeological R	Lesearch Consultants		
Subcontractor:			
Ī			

Subject property : Military Oce	an Terminal Sunny	Point (MOTSU), NC	
Last name : Kimmel		First name: Richard	Middle Initial:
Secondary Authors:			
Title: Archaeological Monitor Point.(Letter Report)	ing of Installation o	f Carport, Garrison House at Fo	rt Johnston, Military Ocean Terminal, Sunny
Series:			
Date: 05/29/92	Length: 9	Contract Number:	
Sponsoring Agency: Military C	Ocean Terminal Sun	ny Point, NC	
Contractor: US Army Corps of	Engineers-Wilming	gton District	
Subcontractor: Louis Berger and	d Associates		
		Deine (MOTOLD, NC	
Subject property : Military Oce Last name : Lautzenheiser	an Terminai Sunny	First name: Loretta	Middle Initial :
		First name : Loicita	Mudie filitai .
Secondary Authors:			
Title : Archaeological Monitor	ing of Water Line, I	Fort Fisher State Historic Site an	d Fort Fisher State Recreation Area, New
Hanover County, North	Carolina		
Series :			
Date : 1991	Length: 4	Contract Number:	
Sponsoring Agency:			
Contractor: Coastal Carolina R	esearch		
Subcontractor:			
Subject property: Military Oce	an Terminal Sunny	Point (MOTSU), NC	
Last name: Lewis		First name: Richard	Middle Initial :
Secondary Authors:			
Title: Investigations of Civil V	Var Era Fortification	ns Located at the Carolina Beach	Borrow Area, New Hanover County, NC
Series :			
Date : 1982	Length: 13	Contract Number:	
Sponsoring Agency:			
Contractor: US Army Corps of	Engineers-Wilming	gton District	
Subcontractor:			

Subject property : Military Ocean	n Terminal Sunny Point (Mo	OTSU), NC		
Last name: Lewis	First na	ame: Richard		Middle Initial : H.
Secondary Authors: US Army C	orps of Engineers-Wilming	ton District		
Title: Memo Dated 05 Nov 1983 Trench) at the Carolina Be	l for Engineering Division leach Borrow Area	Files. Subject:	Investigations, the Federal Fo	rtifications (Bullet
Series:			•	
Date: 11/05/81	Length: 2	Contract Numbe	r:	
Sponsoring Agency : US Army C	orps of Engineers-Wilming	ton District		
Contractor:				
Subcontractor:				
			•	
Subject property : Military Ocean	n Terminal Sunny Point (M	OTSID NC		
Last name: Loftfield		ame : Thomas		Middle Initial : C.
Secondary Authors:	I MSt III	unio		
Scondary Additions.				
Title: Archaeological Reconnais Report)	sance at the Proposed Site	of the Carolina I	Beach Community Outdoor Ro	ecreation Park (Letter
Series :				
Date: 11/23/76	Length:	Contract Numbe	r:	
Sponsoring Agency: Parks & Rec	creation Department, Caroli	ina Beach		
Contractor: Thomas C. Loftfield,	Department of Sociology,	University of No	orth Carolina	
Subcontractor:				
Subject property: Military Ocean	n Terminal Sunny Point (M	OTSU), NC		-
Last name: Loftfield	First n	ame: Thomas		Middle Initial : C.
Secondary Authors: James Legg	,			
Title: Archaeological/Historical	Survey of Ocean Dunes De	evelopment, Car	olina Beach, North Carolina	
Series:				
Date: 1982	Length: 22	Contract Numbe	er:	
Sponsoring Agency : L & O Inves	stments, Inc., Fayetteville, 1	NC		
Contractor: Thomas C. Loftfield				
Subcontractor:				

Subject property: Military C	Ocean Terminal Sunny Point	(MOTSU), NC	
Last name: Payne	Firs	st name : Ted	Middle Initial :
Secondary Authors: Ann Bi	rown		
Title: Cultural Resource Su Terminal Sunny Poin	rvey: Reaves Point, Proposed t, North Carolina	d Disposal Area 5 and Disp	osal Area 2 Project Areas, Military Ocean
Series:			
Date: 05/83	Length: 187	Contract Number : DA	CW-54-82-C-0016
Sponsoring Agency : US Arr	ny Corps of Engineers-Wilm	nington District	•
Contractor: Cultural Heritag	e Research Services		
Subcontractor:			
		MOTEUN NC	
Subject property : Military (Middle Initial :
Last name: Sacchi		st name : Richard	
	Lange, Richard Lawrence, D		
Title: An Archaeological S	urvey and Evaluation at Fort	t Fisher State Historic Site	NC & Vicinity.
Series :			
Date : 1982	Length: 131	Contract Number : DA	CW54-80-C-0028
Sponsoring Agency : US Ar	my Corps of Engineers-Wiln	nington District	
Contractor: North Carolina	Division of Archives & Hist	огу	
Subcontractor:			
Subject property : Military	Ocean Terminal Sunny Poin	t (MOTSU), NC	
Last name: Saunders	Fi	rst name: Lawrence	Middle Initial:
Secondary Authors:			
Title: Archaeological Inve County, NC. (Letter	ntory Survey and National R r Report)	Register Evaluations, Militz	ry Ocean Terminal Sunny Point, New Hanover
Series :			
Date: 04/23/90	Length:	Contract Number:	
Sponsoring Agency:			
Contractor:			
Subcontractor:			

	F*		
Subject property: Military Ocea	an Terminal Sunny Po	oint (MOTSU), NC	
Last name: Snavely		First name: Alan	Middle Initial: N.
Secondary Authors: Diana C. C	Gorin		
Title: Archaeological Reconna	issance of Carolina B	leach and Vicinity, New Hanover, North	Carolina
Series:			
Date: 07/74	Length: 5	Contract Number:	
Sponsoring Agency: US Army	Corps of Engineers-W	limington District	
Contractor: North Carolina Div	ision of Archives & F	listory	
Subcontractor:			
Subject property : Military Ocea	an Terminal Sunny Po	oint (MOTSU), NC	
Last name: South		First name: Stanley	Middle Initial:
Secondary Authors:			
Title: The Recovery of a Confe	derate Electric Torpe	edo at Fort Fisher State Historic Site	
Series:			
Date: 05/64	Length: 13	Contract Number:	
Sponsoring Agency:			
Contractor:			,
Subcontractor:			.:
Subject property : Military Ocea	an Terminal Sunny Po	oint (MOTSU), NC	_
Last name: Sprinkle	•	First name : John	Middle Initial : H.
Secondary Authors: Kay Simps	son		~
Title: Archaeological Investiga Ocean Terminal Sunny P	ations at Fort Johnson Point, North Carolina	, Fort Anderson, The Robbins Plantation	, and Battery Lamb: Military
Series:			•
Date : 1992	Length: 106	Contract Number : DACA54-91-I	D-0022
Sponsoring Agency: US Army 6	Corps of Engineers-W	Vilmington District	
Contractor: Louis Berger and A	ssociates		
Subcontractor:			•

Subject property: Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point (MOTSU), NC

Last name: Stine

First name: Linda

Middle Initial: F.

Secondary Authors: Margaret L. Stephenson, Lesley M. Drucker & Susan H. Jackson

Title: Archaeological Inventory Survey and National Register Evaluations: Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point, New Hanover County, North Carolina. (Management Summary)

Series: Carolina Archaeological Services Resources Studies Series 137

Date: 03/90

Length: 12

Contract Number: DACA54-89-C-0003

Sponsoring Agency: US Army Corps of Engineers-Wilmington District

Contractor: Carolina Archaeological Services (CAS)

Subcontractor:

Subject property: Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point (MOTSU), NC

Last name: Stine

First name: Linda

Middle Initial: F.

Secondary Authors: Margaret L. Stephenson, Lesley M. Drucker & Susan H. Jackson

Title: Archaeological Inventory Survey and National Register Evaluations: Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point, New Hanover County, North Carolina. Vol. 1 (Draft)

Series : Carolina Archaeological Services Resources Studies Series 137, Vol. 1

Date: 10/89

Length:

Contract Number: DACA54-89-C-0003

Sponsoring Agency: US Army Corps of Engineers-Wilmington District

Contractor: Carolina Archaeological Services (CAS)

Subcontractor:

Subject property: Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point (MOTSU), NC

Last name: Stine

First name: Linda

Middle Initial: F.

Secondary Authors: Margaret L. Stephenson, Lesley M. Drucker & Susan H. Jackson

Title: Archaeological Inventory Survey and National Register Evaluations: Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point, New Hanover County, North Carolina. Vol. 1 (Final)

Series: Carolina Archaeological Services Resources Studies Series 137, Vol. 1

Date: 03/90

Length: 252

Contract Number: DACA54-89-C-0003

Sponsoring Agency: US Army Corps of Engineers-Wilmington District

Contractor: Carolina Archaeological Services (CAS)

Subcontractor:

Subject property: Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point (MOTSU), NC

Last name: Stine

First name: Linda

Middle Initial: F.

Secondary Authors: Margaret L. Stephenson, Lesley M. Drucker & Susan H. Jackson

Title: Archaeological Inventory Survey and National Register Evaluations: Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point, New Hanover County, North Carolina. Vol. 2 (Draft)

Series: Carolina Archaeological Services Resources Studies Series 137, Vol. 2

Date: 10/89

Length: 25

Contract Number: DACA54-89-C-0003

Sponsoring Agency: US Army Corps of Engineers-Wilmington District

Contractor: Carolina Archaeological Services (CAS)

Subcontractor:

Subject property: Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point (MOTSU), NC

Last name: Taylor

First name: Randolph

Middle Initial: K.

Secondary Authors: Joel I. Klein, William M. Gardner, Timothy A. Thompson

Title: Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point, North Carolina, Historic Preservation Plan.

Series:

Date: 11/87

Length: 169

Contract Number: DACA54-86-C-0012

Sponsoring Agency: Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point/USACE-Wilmington District, NC

Contractor: Envirosphere Company

Subcontractor: Thunderbird Archaeological Associates, Inc.

Subject property: Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point (MOTSU), NC

Last name: Watts, Jr.

First name: Gordon

Middle Initial: P.

Secondary Authors:

Title: An Archaeological Reconnaissance of Two of Three Anomalies Located During a Proton Precession Magneto-Meter Survey of a New Navigation Channel Alignment in Carolina Beach Inlet, New Hanover County. (Letter Report)

Series:

Date: 10/08/84

Length: 5

Contract Number:

Sponsoring Agency: US Army Corps of Engineers-Wilmington District

Contractor: Archaeological Research Consultants

Subcontractor: Tidewater Atlantic Research

Subject property: Military Oc	cean Terminal Sunny Po	oint (MOTSU), NC	
Last name : Watts, Jr.		First name : Gordon	Middle Initial: P.
Secondary Authors:	•		
Title: Underwater Archaeolog	gical Reconnaissance, (Carolina Beach Inlet, New	Hanover County, NC
Series :			
Date: 08/84	Length: 52	Contract Number:	DACW54-83-C-0002; Delivery Order DACW54- 84-F-2140
Sponsoring Agency : US Army	y Corps of Engineers-W	/ilmington District	
Contractor: Archaeological Re	esearch Consultants		•
Subcontractor: Tidewater Atlan	ntic Research		
Subject property: Military Oc	ean Terminal Sunny Po	oint (MOTSU), NC	
Last name: Wilde-Ramsing		First name: Mark	Middle Initial:
Secondary Authors:			
	lanover Archaeological	Survey: A C.E.T.A. Proj	ect (Comprehensive Employ-Training Act)
Series:			
Date: 08/77	Length: 197	Contract Number:	
Sponsoring Agency: North Ca	rolina Division of Arch	ives & History, Raleigh, l	NC .
Contractor: Fort Fisher Under	water Preservation Labo	oratory	
Subcontractor:			
Subject property: Military Occ	ean Terminal Sunny Po	oint (MOTSU), NC	-
Last name: Wilde-Ramsing	:	First name: Mark	Middle Initial:
Secondary Authors:			
		•	
Title: A Statement of the Arch Main. (Letter Report)	heological Resources W	Vithin the Area Proposed f	or the Kure Beach to Carolina Beach Sewage
Series :			
Date: 02/20/78	Length: 7	Contract Number:	
Sponsoring Agency: Van Oese	n Henry & Associates		
Contractor: North Carolina Div	vision of Archives and	History	
Subcontractor:			

APPENDIX V

NATIONAL ARCHEOLOGICAL DATA BASE REFERENCES FOR MILITARY OCEAN TERMINAL SUNNY POINT, NORTH CAROLINA

No attempt has been made to edit the National Archeological Data Base format or to correct obvious errors.

Anuskiewicz, Richard J.

1983 _Diver Hands-On Cultural Resource Assessment of Selected Magnetic Anomalies at the North Wharf Military Ocean Terminal, Sunny Point, North Carolina: A Report of Negative Findings__. U. S. Army Corps of Engineers. Submitted to U. S. Army Corps of Engineers. (425366)

Baker, Michael

1981 _An Intensive Archaeological Reconnaissance of the Carolina Beach Borrow Area, New Hanover County, North Carolina__. Archaeological Research Consultants, Inc. Submitted to Army Corps of Engineers, Wilmington, N.c. (425751)

Hargrove, Thomas H.

1984 _Archaeological Test Excavations at Reaves Point, Military Ocean Terminal at Sunny Point (Motsu), Brunswick County, North Carolina__. Archaeological Research Consultants, Inc. Submitted to U. S. Army Corps of Engineers. (425361)

Kimmel, Richard

1984 _Motsu Railroad Inspection, Boiling Springs, North Carolina_. Army Corps of Engineers. Submitted to Army Corps of Engineers, Wilmington, N.c. (425364)

Lewis, Richard H.

1982 _Investigations of Civil War Era Fortifications Located at the Carolina Beach Borrow Area, New Hanover County, North Carolina__. Army Corps of Engineers. Submitted to Army Corps of Engineers, Wilmington, N.c. (425648)

Payne, Ted M. and Ann Brown

1983 Cultural Resource Survey: Reaves Point, Proposed Disposal

Area 5 and Disposal Area 2 Project Areas, Military Ocean Terminal, Sunny Point, North Carolina__. Cultural Heritage Research Services, Inc. Submitted to Army Corps of Engineers, Wilmington, N.c. (425363)

Sacchi, Richard R., Terry H. Erlandson, Diana Lange, Richard Lawrence, David Moore, and Gordon Watts

1982 _An Archaeological Survey and Evaluation at Fort Fisher State Historic Site, North Carolina and Vicinity__. North Carolina Department of Cultural Resources. Submitted to Army Corps of Engineers, Wilmington, N.c. (425654)

Sprinkle, John H., Jr. and Kay Simpson

1992 _Archaeological Investigations at Fort Johnston, Fort Anderson, the Robbins Plantation, and Battery Lamb: Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point, North Carolina__. The Cultural Resource Group Louis Berger & Associates, Inc. Submitted to U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. (551562)

Unknown

1987 _Military Ocean Terminal Sunny Point, North Carolina__. Envirosphere Company. Submitted to U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. (550009)

Wilson, Jack H., Jr.

1984 _An Evaluation of the Impact Construction of A Proposed Bathhouse Will Have On the Archaeological Resources at Fort Fisher State Historic Site, New Hanover County, North Carolina__. Jack H. Wilson, Jr. Submitted to North Carolina Department of Cultural Resources, Raleigh, NC. (425505)

APPENDIX VI

OTHER REFERENCES TO MILITARY OCEAN TERMINAL SUNNY POINT

Attempts were made to obtain copies of references that were cited in NADB, on the site records, or in other publications but were not available at the North Carolina Office of State Archaeology. The following reports were referenced or cited in other sources of information but were not available to the MCX as of the date of this report. Several of these projects resulted in collections. These collections are believed to be housed at the North Carolina Historic Sites Section, Raleigh and their volume is reflected in the Summary of Archaeological Collections section of the report, as well as in Appendix III.

Haskell, Hart V.

1978 Composition of Coating on Support Timbers Beneath Embankment at Fort Fisher, N.C., Technical Report Number II. Department of Chemistry. UNC-Wilmington, Wilmington, N.C. Prepared for Fort Fisher Preservation Laboratory, North Carolina Department of Archives and History.

South, Stanley

1961 Excavation of the Palisade fence at Fort Fisher State Historic Site.

1964 Plans for the Restoration of the Palisade at Fort Fisher State Historic Site.

Thompson, Timothy

1977 Preliminary Report on Test Excavations at Fort Fisher Preservation Laboratory (NH7), July-August 1974.

Watts, Gordon, Mark Wilde-Ramsing, Richard W. Lawrence, and Dina B. Hill 1981 Excavation of a Fort Fisher Bombproof.

APPENDIX VII

AGENCIES AND ORGANIZATIONS WITH OUTGRANTS ON MILITARY OCEAN TERMINAL SUNNY POINT, NORTH CAROLINA

Grantee	Acreage	Grant Type
Atlantic Telephone	unknown	Consent
Atlantic Telephone	0.36	Buried Cable Consent
Atlantic Telephone Memb. Corp.	unknown	Telephone Right-of- Way Consent
Boiling Springs Lake, NC	0.24	Road Right-of-Way Consent
Brunswick Electric Memb.	unknown	Power Line Crossing Consent
Carolina Power and Light	2.27	Power Line Right-of-Way Consent
Carolina Power and Light	54.35	Power Line Right-of-Way Consent
Carolina Power and Light	87.08	Power Line Right-of-Way Easement
Carolina Power and Light	2.53	Power Line Right-of-Way Easement
Carolina Power and Light	unknown	Power Line Crossing Consent
Carolina Power and Light	unknown	Power Line Crossing Consent
Carolina Power and Light	1.32	30" Power Line Easement
City of Southport	1.09	Bay and Davis Street Easement
City of Southport	unknown	License
Department of Air Force	61.50	Use Permits
Department of Air Force	141.47	Permit
Grantee	Acreage	Grant Type

Laque Center for Corrosion	4.06	Road Easement
Lions Club of Southport	0.75	Lease
New Hanover County	23.03	Landfill License
Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph	unknown	unknown
Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph	unknown	Telephone Right-of-Way Consent
Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph	unknown	Consent
Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph	unknown	1' Consent for Buried Cable
State of North Carolina	16.95	Lease
State of North Carolina	1,300.00	Lease
State of North Carolina	0.59	Lease
State of North Carolina	unknown	Consent
State of North Carolina	9.50	License
State of North Carolina	169.00	Lease
State of North Carolina	17.72	Easement
Town of Carolina Beach, NC	10.00	Lease
Town of Carolina Beach, NC	0.92	Lease
Town of Carolina Beach, NC	50.11	Lease
Town of Kure Beach, NC	2.53	Lease
Town of Kure Beach, NC	16.05	Lease
		Lease

From: Stine, Linda F., Margaret L. Stephenson, Lesley M. Drucker, and Susan H. Jackson. March 1990, Archaeological Inventory Survey and National Register Evaluations: Military Ocean Terminal, Sunny Point, New Hanover County, North Carolina. Carolina Archaeological Services, Columbia, South Carolina.